

Interprofessional Collaborative Learning: Benefits & Barriers to Shared Learning Between NP & DPT Students

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Introduction

Inter-professional Education (IPE) is: "When students from two or more professions learn about, from, and with each other, to enable effective collaboration and improve health outcomes.1

Challenges with IPE curriculum development include coordinating demanding student schedules and faculty workload. ²

Purpose

The overarching goals of this project:

- Increase students' awareness of IPE, and promote inter-professional collaboration in the management of individuals with a cancer diagnosis.
- Engage students between disciplines in face to face and virtual collaboration culminating in recorded power point presentations.
- Utilize the Readiness for Interprofessional Learning Scale (RIPLS) to measure of student's perception of IPE.
- Share faculty experiences regarding strategies for success with future IPE learning activities



Learning Activity

January 2016

- •Formal IPE project orientation "kick off event"
- •Randomly assigned student teams (11)
- •Random assigned oncology topics
- •Pre program RIPLS on Survey Monkey™

February -March 2016

- •Teams developed a recorded PowerPoint presentation (Brain Shark™)
- Presentations limited to 15 slides, 10 minute duration
- AMA format

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- •Teams posted Presentations on Wiki page
- •Teams posted peer review critiques
- •Teams developed 3 exam questions for final exam
- •Post program RIPLS completed
- •Communication feedback survey form completed

Faculty Observations

- RIPLS score did not improve after intervention. May be a result of timing of data collection
- Academic stressors amongst students may have contributed to negative comments about experience
- Lack of awareness of each disciplines' scope of practice was evident despite collaborative learning
- Range and mean ages of NP versus DPT may contribute to some variation in IPE competence
 - NP = mean age 33 years, range 25-55
 - DPT = mean age 26, range 26-35

Benefits

- High quality presentations delivering content shared by both disciplines
- IPEC Competencies:
- · Values & thics
- Cooperative learning between disciplines
- Roles & Responsibilities
- Fostered relationships to advance patient care
- IP Communication
- Effective use of technology to enhance team function

Barriers

- Student schedule conflicts, (within & between majors)
- · Variations in professional and personal life stages
- · Pre-determined professional assumptions
- Technology knowledge deficit / challenges
 PowerPoint proficiency lacking with some students
 BrainShark™ recorded presentation sotware, lack of
 user expertise amongst students.

Recommendations for future IPE projects

- Dedicated schedule for IPE experiences with health disciplines
- Earlier placement of IPE learning activities in curriculum
- Multiple semesters of IPE
- Consider creative collaborative learning activities using simulation
- Extend IPE learning to shared practicum/clinical settings

References

World Health Organization (2011). Framework for action on interprofessional education and collaborative practice. Geneva, Switzerland: World Health Organization.
2 Loversidge, J., & Demb, A. (2014). Faculty perceptions of key factors in interprofessional education. Journal of Interprofessional Care, 1-7.